

TINGKATAN 5

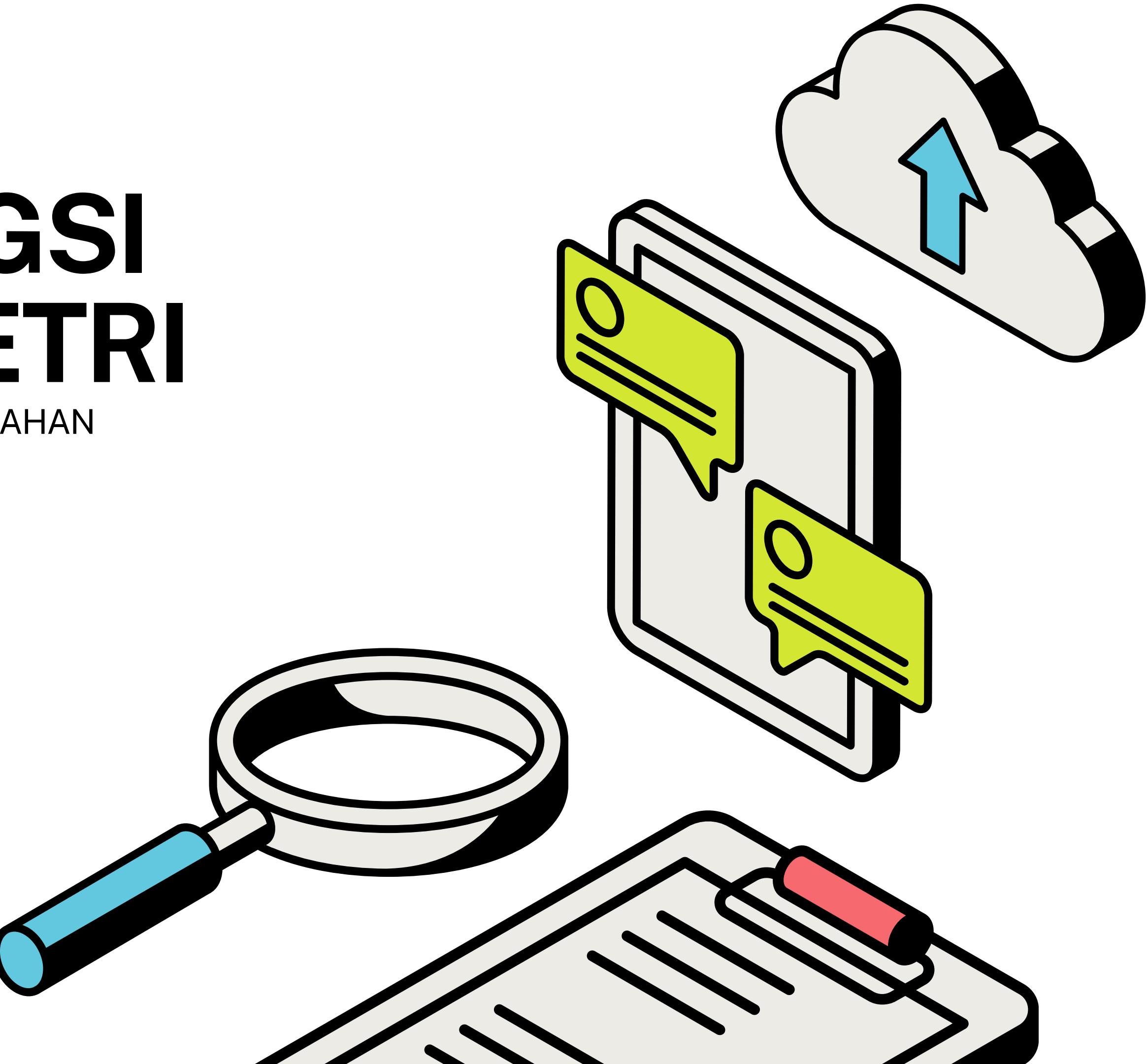
BAB 6: FUNGSI

TRIGONOMETRI

KOMPILASI SOALAN MATEMATIK TAMBAHAN
PERCUBAAN SPM 2023

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KLIK SINI <https://t.me/cikgufarhanmath>



KELANTAN (K1)**FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI**

3. (a) Diberi bahawa $\operatorname{sek} \theta = \frac{1}{h}$ dengan keadaan θ ialah sudut tirus. Cari $\sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$.

[3 markah]

Given $\operatorname{sek} \theta = \frac{1}{h}$ where θ is an acute angle. Find $\sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$. [3 marks]

- (b) Selesaikan persamaan $3 + 4\cos 2x = -\sin x$ untuk $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$. [3 markah]

Solve the equation $3 + 4\cos 2x = -\sin x$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$. [3 marks]

MELAKA (K1)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

13. (a) Lakar graf $y = -3\cos 2x$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}\pi$. [3 markah]

Sketch the graph of graf $y = -3\cos 2x$ for $0 \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}\pi$. [3 marks]

- (b) Seterusnya, dengan menggunakan paksi yang sama, lakar satu graf yang sesuai untuk mencari bilangan penyelesaian bagi persamaan $\frac{\pi}{x} + 6\cos 2x = 0$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}\pi$. Nyatakan bilangan penyelesaiannya.
- [3 markah]

Hence, using the same axes, sketch a suitable graph to find the number of solutions for the equation $\frac{\pi}{x} + 6\cos 2x = 0$ for $0 \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}\pi$. State the number of solutions.

[3 marks]

- (c) Dua penyelesaian diperoleh jika $y = \frac{3p}{2}$ dilakarkan pada paksi-paksi yang sama di 13(b), dengan keadaan p ialah pemalar. Cari nilai-nilai p .
- [2 markah]

There are two solutions obtained if $y = \frac{3p}{2}$ is sketched at the same axes in 13(b), such that p is a constant. Find the values of p .

[2 marks]

N9 (K1)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

15 (a) Jika $\tan(A+B) = -3$ dan $\tan A = 2$. Cari nilai $\tan B$. [2 markah]

If $\tan(A+B) = -3$ and $\tan A = 2$, find the value of $\tan B$. [2 marks]

(b) Selesaikan persamaan $\sin^2 x = 1 - \cos x + 4 \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$ bagi $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$. [3 markah]

Solve the equation $\sin^2 x = 1 - \cos x + 4 \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$. [3 marks]

(c) Diberi $\sin \theta = 4k$, dengan keadaan k ialah pemalar dan $90^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$.

Cari $\cos^2 \frac{1}{2}\theta$ dalam sebutan k . [3 markah]

Given that $\sin \theta = 4k$, such that k is a constant and $90^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$.

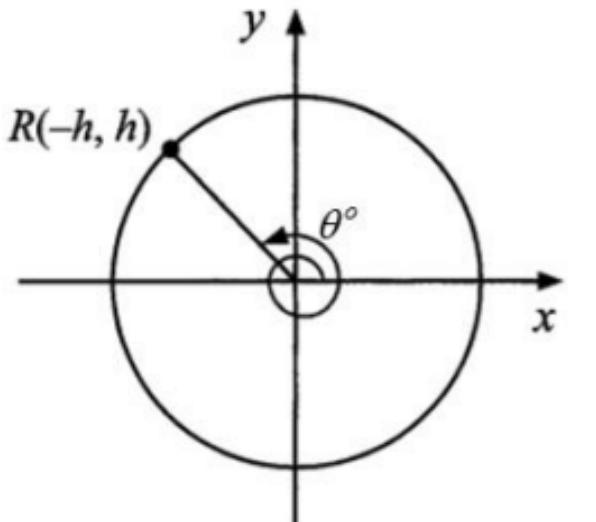
Find $\cos^2 \frac{1}{2}\theta$ in terms of k . [3 marks]

PAHANG (K1)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

- 15 (a) Rajah 8 menunjukkan titik R terletak pada lilitan sebuah bulatan unit.

Diagram 8 shows a point R lies on the circumference of a unit circle.



Rajah 8
Diagram 8

- (i) Nyatakan nilai θ .

State the value of θ .

[3 markah]
[3 marks]

- (b) Diberi bahawa $\tan A = \frac{3}{4}$ dan $\tan B = -\frac{7}{24}$, dengan keadaan A ialah sudut tirus

dan B ialah sudut refleks. Cari

It is given that $\tan A = \frac{3}{4}$ and $\tan B = -\frac{7}{24}$, such that A is an acute angle and B is a reflex angle. Find

- (i) $\sin(A+B)$,

- (ii) $\tan(A-B)$.

[5 markah]
[5 marks]

PERLIS (K1)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

10 Diberi bahawa $\cos x \cos y = \frac{1}{4}$ dan $\sin x \sin y = \frac{3}{8}$. Cari nilai bagi,

Given that $\cos x \cos y = \frac{1}{4}$ and $\sin x \sin y = \frac{3}{8}$. Find the value of,

(a) (i) $\cos(x - y)$

$\cos(x - y)$

(ii) $\cos(x + y)$

$\cos(x + y)$

[3 markah / marks]

(b) Seterusnya, cari nilai-nilai yang mungkin bagi x dan y di antara 0° dan 90° .

Hence, find the possible values of x and y between 0° and 90° .

[3 markah / marks]

SABAH (K1)**FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI**

13. a) Diberi bahawa $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{4}$ dan $\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2}$. Cari nilai setiap yang berikut:

Given that $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{4}$ and $\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2}$. Find the value of each of the following:

- i) $\cos \alpha \cos \beta$,
- $\cos \alpha \cos \beta$,
- ii) $\cos(\alpha - \beta)$.
- $\cos(\alpha - \beta)$.

[4 markah/marks]

- b) Selesaikan persamaan $4 \sin \theta = \sqrt{2} \sec \theta$ bagi semua sudut antara 0° dengan 360° .

Solve the equation $4 \sin \theta = \sqrt{2} \sec \theta$ for all the angles between 0° and 360° .

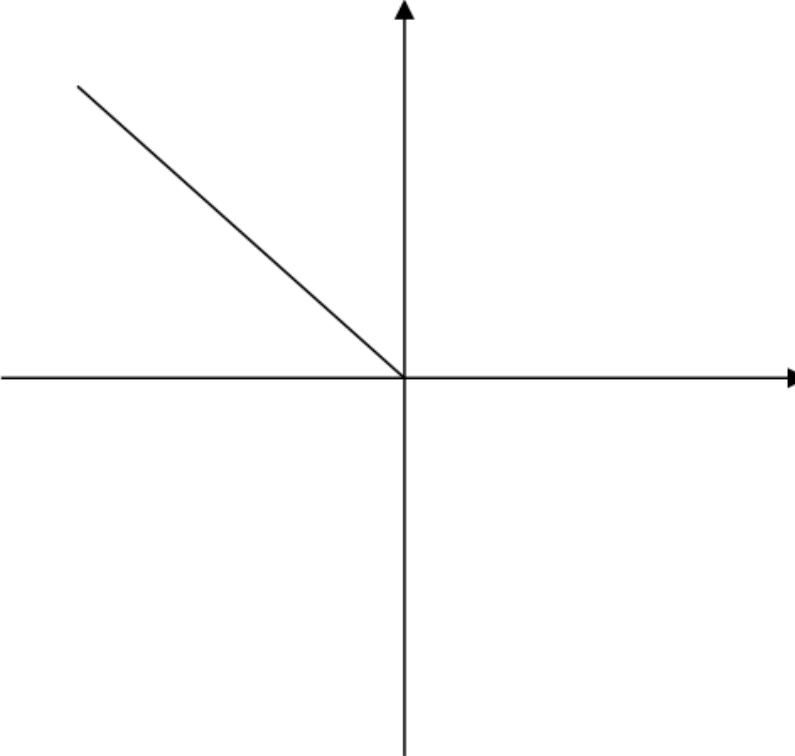
[3 markah/marks]

- c) Pada ruang jawapan di bawah, labelkan sudut $(180^\circ - p)$, jika sudut rujukan ialah p .

In the answer space below, label the angle $(180^\circ - p)$, if the reference angle is p .

[1 markah/mark]

c)



SELANGOR SET 1 (K1)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

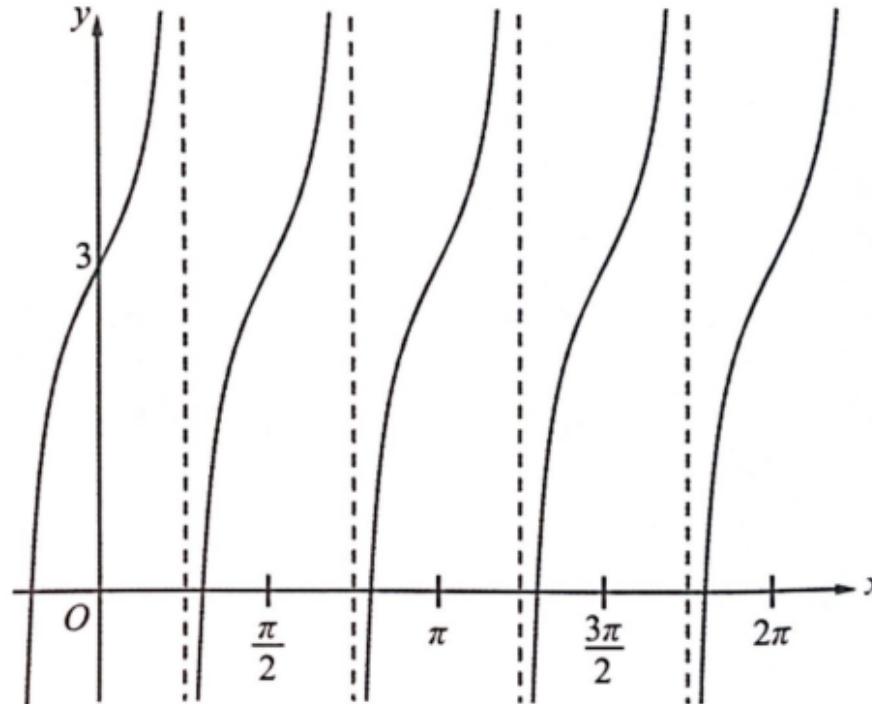
14 (a) Buktikan identiti trigonometri $\tan y = \frac{\cos(x-y) - \cos(x+y)}{\sin(x-y) + \sin(x+y)}$

$$\text{Prove the trigonometric identity } \tan y = \frac{\cos(x-y) - \cos(x+y)}{\sin(x-y) + \sin(x+y)}$$

[4 markah]
[4 marks]

(b) Rajah 14 menunjukkan sebahagian daripada graf $y = a \tan bx + c$ yang melalui titik $(0, 3)$ dan $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, 3\right)$.

Diagram 14 shows part of the graph of $y = a \tan bx + c$ passing through points $(0, 3)$ and $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, 3\right)$.



Rajah 14
Diagram 14

Cari
Find

- (i) nilai-nilai bagi b dan c ,
the values of b and of c ,
- (ii) nilai a , diberi bahawa titik $(\frac{\pi}{8}, 7)$ juga terletak pada graf itu.
the value of a , given that the point $(\frac{\pi}{8}, 7)$ also lies on the graph.

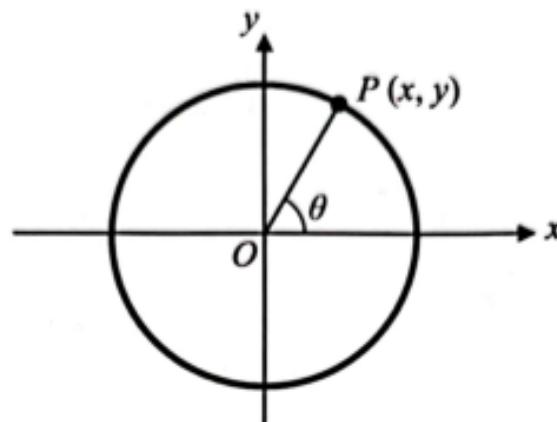
[4 markah]

SELANGOR SET 2 (K1)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

- 13 (a) Rajah 13 menunjukkan satu titik P yang terletak pada lilitan suatu bulatan unit.

Diagram 13 shows a point P lies on the circumference of an unit circle.



Rajah 13
Diagram 13

Berdasarkan rajah tersebut,

Based on the diagram,

- terbitkan identiti asas trigonometri $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$.
derive the basic trigonometric identity $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$.
- cari nilai $\cos 2\theta$ jika $x = 0.1736$.
find the value of $\cos 2\theta$ if $x = 0.1736$.

[4 markah]
[4 marks]

- (b) Diberi bahawa $\tan A = 3$ dan $\tan(A - B) = \frac{2}{3}$, dengan keadaan A ialah sudut refleks dan B ialah sudut tirus.

It is given that $\tan A = 3$ and $\tan(A - B) = \frac{2}{3}$, where A is a reflex angle and B is an acute angle.

Cari

Find

- $\cot A$,
 $\cot A$,
- nilai bagi $\tan B$.
the value of $\tan B$.

[4 markah]

KELANTAN (K2)**FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI**

7 (a) Buktikan bahawa

Prove that

$$(\sin x - \cos x)^2 = 1 - \sin 2x$$

[2 markah]

[2 marks]

(b) Lakarkan graf fungsi trigonometri $y = 1 - \sin 2x$ bagi domain $0 \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}\pi$. [3 markah]*Sketch the graph of the trigonometric function $y = 1 - \sin 2x$ for the domain $0 \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}\pi$.*

[3 marks]

(c) Seterusnya, cari

Hence, find(i) nilai maksimum y dalam domain itu.*the maximum value of y in that domain.*(ii) bilangan penyelesaian bagi persamaan $1 - \sin 2x = k + 1$ untuk $-1 < k - 1 < 0$.*the number of solutions to the equation $1 - \sin 2x = k + 1$ for $-1 < k - 1 < 0$.*

[3 markah]

[3 marks]

MELAKA (K2)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

N9 (K2)

- 6 (a) Buktikan bahawa $\frac{\cos(A+B)}{\sin A \sin B} = \cot A \cot B - 1$.

Prove that $\frac{\cos(A+B)}{\sin A \sin B} = \cot A \cot B - 1$.

[2 markah / marks]

- (b) Selesaikan persamaan $\tan(45^\circ + x) = 4 \tan(45^\circ - x)$ untuk $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$.

Solve the equation $\tan(45^\circ + x) = 4 \tan(45^\circ - x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$.

[5 markah/marks]

- 6 (a) Buktikan $2\cot x (\sec x - \cos x) = 2\sin x$.

Prove $2\cot x (\sec x - \cos x) = 2\sin x$.

[2 markah]

[2 marks]

- (b) (i) Seterusnya, lakar graf $y = |2\cot x (\sec x - \cos x) + 1|$ bagi $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

Hence, sketch the graph of $y = |2\cot x (\sec x - \cos x) + 1|$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

[4 markah]

[4 marks]

- (ii) 4 penyelesaian diperoleh jika $y = m$ dilakarkan pada paksi-paksi yang sama di 6(b)(i), dengan keadaan m ialah pemalar. Nyatakan julat nilai m .

[1 markah]

4 number of solutions obtained if $y = m$ is sketched at the same axes in 6(b)(i), such that m is a constant. State the range of values of m .

[1 mark]

PAHANG (K2)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

- 5 (a) Buktikan $2 \tan x \cos^2 x = \sin 2x$.

Prove that $2 \tan x \cos^2 x = \sin 2x$.

[2 markah]

[2 marks]

- (b) (i) Lakarkan graf $y = 2|\sin x| - 1$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

Sketch the graph for $y = 2|\sin x| - 1$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

- (ii) Seterusnya, dengan menggunakan paksi yang sama, lakukan garis lurus yang sesuai untuk mencari bilangan penyelesaian bagi persamaan $2\pi|\sin x| + x = 2\pi$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$. Nyatakan bilangan penyelesaian itu.

Hence, by using the same axes, sketch a suitable straight line to find the number of solutions for the equation $2\pi|\sin x| + x = 2\pi$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$. State the number of solutions.

[6 markah]

[6 marks]

PERLIS (K2)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

- 4 (a) Buktikan bahawa $2 \cot x \sin^2 x = \sin 2x$

Prove that $2 \cot x \sin^2 x = \sin 2x$.

[2 markah / marks]

- (b) Seterusnya, selesaikan persamaan $\cot x \sin^2 x = \frac{1}{4}$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

Hence, solve the equation $\cot x \sin^2 x = \frac{1}{4}$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

[3 markah / marks]

- (c) Lakar graf $y = \cot x \sin^2 x$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

Sketch the graph $y = \cot x \sin^2 x$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

[3 markah / marks]

SABAH (K2)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

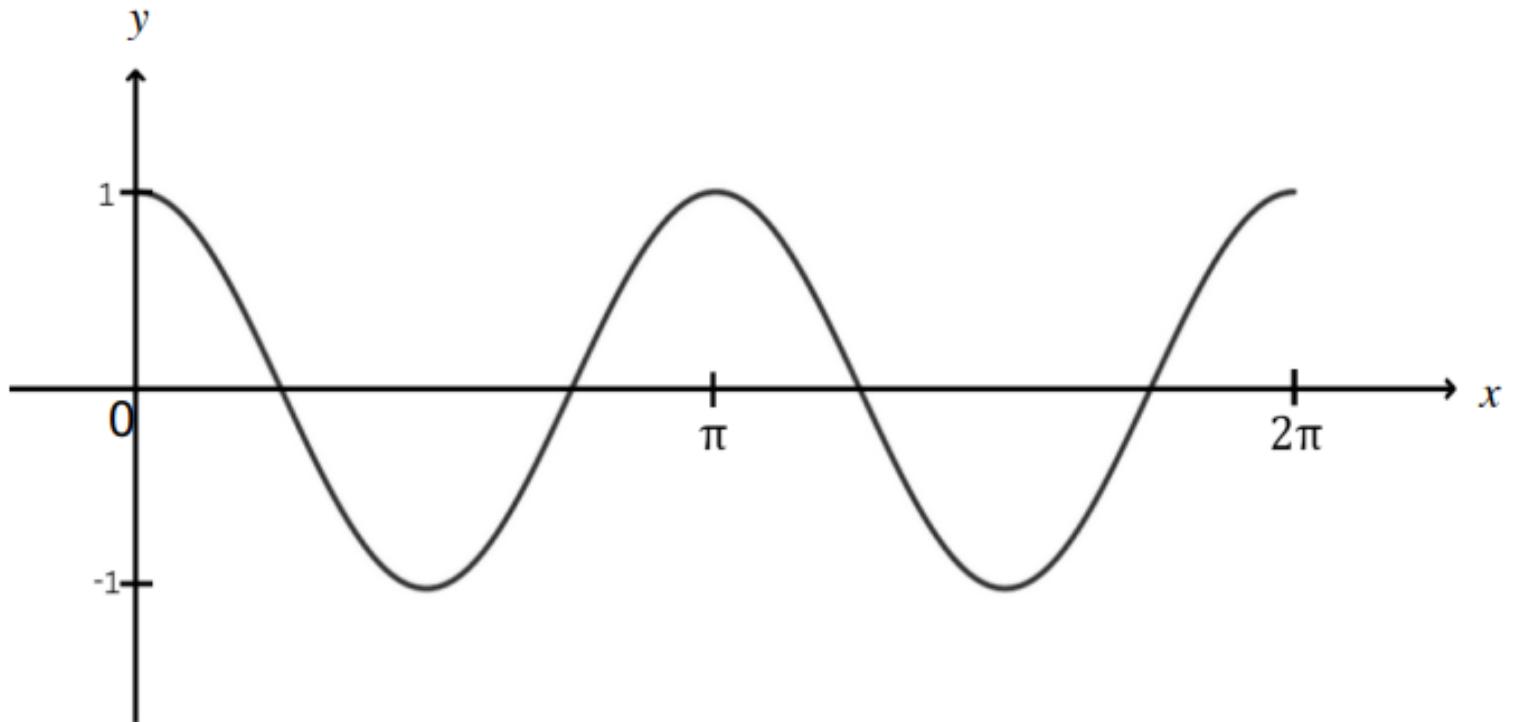
6. a) Buktikan $\cos 2x = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$

Prove $\cos 2x = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$

[2 markah/marks]

- b) Rajah di bawah menunjukkan graf bagi suatu fungsi trigonometri untuk $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

The figure below shows the graph of a trigonometric function for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.



- i) Tuliskan persamaan graf fungsi trigonometri tersebut.

Write the equation of the graph of the trigonometric function.

[1 markah/mark]

- ii) Dengan menggunakan paksi yang sama, lakarkan graf bagi $y = |\sin x|$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$, seterusnya cari bilangan penyelesaiannya.

By using the same axis, sketch the graph of $y = |\sin x|$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$, then find the number of solutions.

[3 markah/marks]

SELANGOR SET 1 (K2)**FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI**

2 (a) Terbitkan rumus sudut berganda bagi $\cos 2A = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A$.

Derive the double angle formula of $\cos 2A = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A$.

[2 markah]
[2 marks]

(b) Lakar graf bagi $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2A + \frac{1}{2}$ untuk $0 \leq A \leq 270^\circ$.

Sketch the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2A + \frac{1}{2}$ for $0 \leq A \leq 270^\circ$.

Seterusnya, dengan menggunakan paksi yang sama, lakukan satu garis lurus yang sesuai untuk mencari bilangan penyelesaian bagi persamaan $\frac{1}{2} \cos^2 A - \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 A = \frac{2A}{540^\circ} - \frac{1}{2}$ untuk $0 \leq A \leq 270^\circ$. Nyatakan bilangan penyelesaian itu.

Hence, using the same axes, sketch a suitable straight line to find the number of solutions to

the equation $\frac{1}{2} \cos^2 A - \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 A = \frac{2A}{540^\circ} - \frac{1}{2}$ for $0 \leq A \leq 270^\circ$. State the number of solutions.

[6 markah]
[6 marks]

SELANGOR SET 2 (K2)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

- 5 (a) Diberi bahawa $\sin^2 x = 4 \cos^2 y$, carikan sudut tirus bagi x dan y yang memenuhi persamaan $2 \cos^2 x + \sin^2 y = 1$.

It is given that $\sin^2 x = 4 \cos^2 y$, find the acute angle for x and y that satisfied the equation $2 \cos^2 x + \sin^2 y = 1$.

[5 markah]
[5 marks]

- (b) Gunakan kertas graf untuk menyelesaikan soalan ini.

Use the graph paper to solve this question.

Dengan menggunakan skala 2 cm kepada $\frac{\pi}{8}$ radian pada paksi- x dan 2 cm kepada 0.5 unit pada paksi- y , lukis graf $y = \sin 2x$ untuk $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

*By using a scale of 2 cm to $\frac{\pi}{8}$ radian on the x -axis and 2 cm to 0.5 unit on the y -axis,
draw the graphs of $y = \sin 2x$ for $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.*

[4 markah]
[4 marks]

SELANGOR SET 2 (K2)

FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

4 (a) (i) Buktikan $\tan \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x}$. [2 markah]

Prove $\tan \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x}$ [2 marks]

(ii) Seterusnya, selesaikan $\tan \frac{x}{2} + \sin x = 0$ bagi $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$. [3 markah]

Hence, solve $\tan \frac{x}{2} + \sin x = 0$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$. [3 marks]

(b) Diberi $\sin \theta = m$ bagi $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$, ungkapkan $\sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$ dalam sebutan m . [3 markah]

It is given $\sin \theta = m$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$, express $\sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$ in terms of m . [3 marks]