

SULIT

**PROGRAM GEMPUR KECEMERLANGAN
SIJIL PELAJARAN MALAYSIA 2024
NEGERI PERLIS**

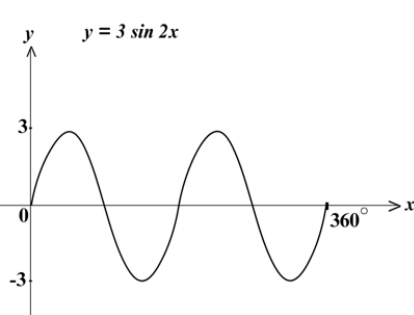
SIJIL PELAJARAN MALAYSIA 2024
MATEMATIK TAMBAHAN
Kertas 2
Peraturan Pemarkahan
September

3472/2(PP)

UNTUK KEGUNAAN PEMERIKSA SAHAJA

Peraturan pemarkahan ini mengandungi 18 halaman bercetak

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
<p>1</p> <p>(a)</p>	$\alpha + \beta = -4 \quad @ \quad \alpha\beta = 6 \quad \boxed{1m}$ $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha\beta} = -\frac{2}{3} \quad \text{atau} \quad \frac{1}{\alpha} \times \frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{1}{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{6} \quad \textcircled{1m}$ $6x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0 \quad \boxed{1m}$ <p>(b)</p> $x^2 - 4x + 5 = m + 2x - x^2 \quad \text{dan guna } b^2 - 4ac \quad \textcircled{1m}$ $(-6)^2 - 4(2)(5 - m) = 0$ $m = \frac{1}{2} \quad \boxed{1m}$ $\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{4}\right) \quad \textcircled{1m}$	<p>3</p> <p>3</p>	<p>6</p>

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
2	<p>(a) Guna $\text{Sin}^2x + \text{Kos}^2x = 1$ 1m</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$3 \text{ Sin } 2x$ 1m</p> <p>(b) Sudut rujukan = 19.47° 1m</p> <p>$2x = 19.47^\circ, 160.53^\circ, 379.47^\circ, 520.53^\circ$ 1m</p> <p>$x = 9.735^\circ, 80.265^\circ, 189.375^\circ, 260.265^\circ$ 1m</p> <p>(c)</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>$y = 3 \text{ sin } 2x$</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Bentuk graf sinus 1m</p> <p style="text-align: center;">2 kalaan ($0^\circ \geq x \geq 360^\circ$) 1m</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Maksimum dan minimum 1m</p>	2	3
		3	8

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
3	<p>(a) $BB' = 42 \times \left(150^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}\right)$ (1m)</p> <p>$BB' = 109.97\text{cm}$ (1m)</p> <p>(b) $AA' = 7 \times \left(150^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}\right)$ (1m)</p> <p>$\frac{AA'}{BB'} = \frac{7 \times \left(150^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}\right)}{42 \times \left(150^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}\right)}$ (1m)</p> <p>$= \frac{7}{42}$</p> <p>1:6 (1m)</p> <p>(c) $\left[\frac{1}{2} \times 42^2 \times 2.618\right] - \left[\frac{1}{2} \times 7^2 \times 2.618\right]$ (1m)</p> <p>2244.94 cm^2 (1m)</p>	2	7

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
<p>4</p> <p>(a)</p>	<p>Guna $\log_5 1215 = 5k + 6$ (1m)</p> <p>$5 \log_5 3 + \log_5 5 = 5k + 6$ (1m)</p> <p>$k = h - 1$ (1m)</p>	3	
<p>(b)</p>	<p>$\log_e e^x = \log_e 8^2$ (1m)</p> <p>$x = 2m$ (1m)</p>	2	
<p>(c)</p>	<p>Tulis $(\sqrt{2x - 3})^2 = (4 - \sqrt{2x - 1})^2$ (1m)</p> <p>$2x - 3 = 16 - 8\sqrt{2x - 1} + 2x - 1$ (1m)</p> <p>$x = \frac{97}{32} @ 3.03125$ (1m)</p>	3	8

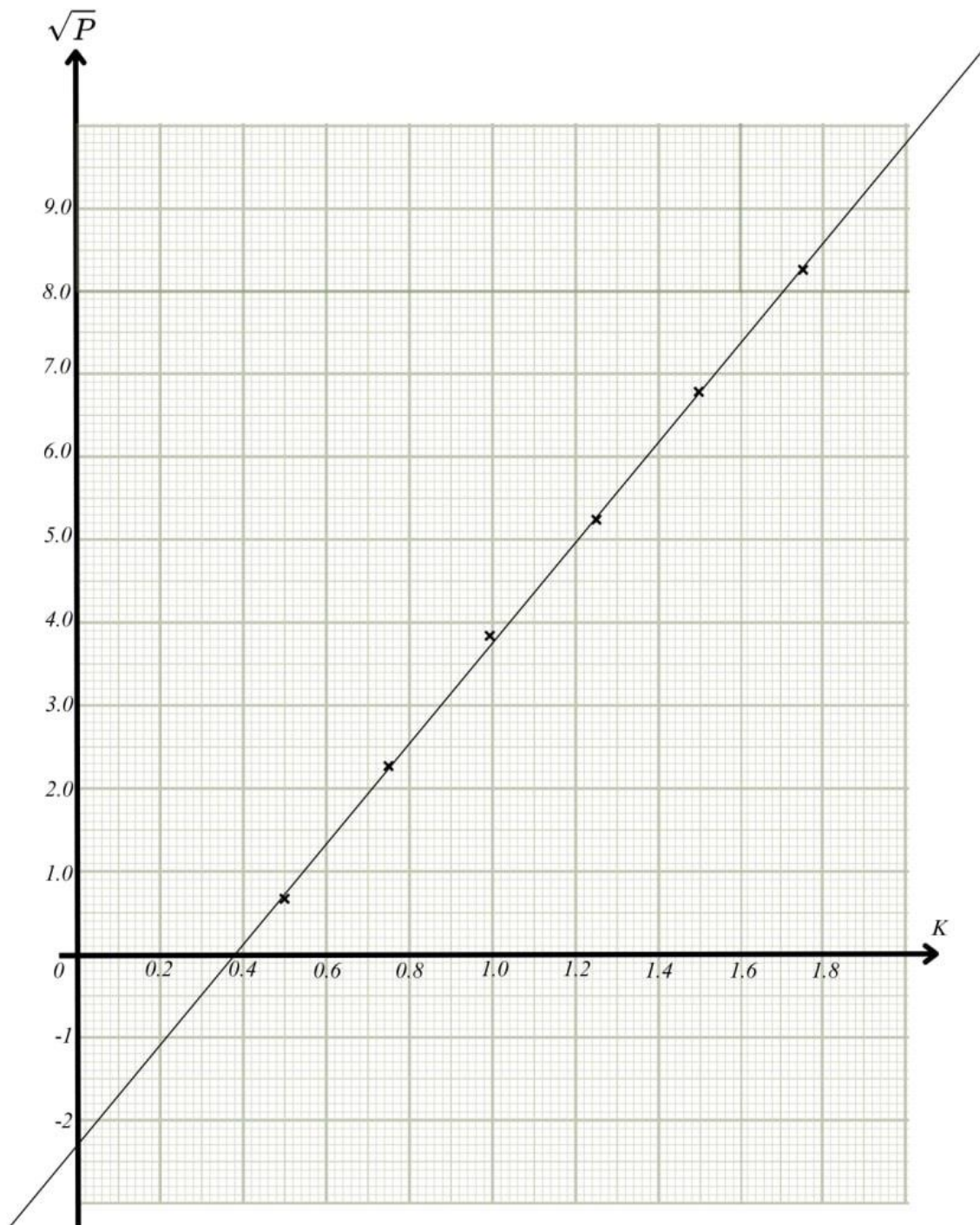
No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
<p>5</p> <p>(a)</p>	<p>$\overrightarrow{PU} = \overrightarrow{PR} + \overrightarrow{RU}$ atau $\overrightarrow{PU} = \overrightarrow{PS} + \overrightarrow{SU}$ atau $\overrightarrow{PT} = \overrightarrow{PQ} + \overrightarrow{QT}$ (1m)</p> <p>$\overrightarrow{ST} = \frac{2}{3} \overrightarrow{SQ}$ (1m)</p> <p>$\overrightarrow{PU} = \frac{4}{3} \underset{\sim}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \underset{\sim}{y}$ (1m)</p> <p>$\overrightarrow{PT} = \frac{2}{3} \underset{\sim}{x} + \frac{1}{3} \underset{\sim}{y}$ (1m)</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>Tulis $\overrightarrow{PU} = \lambda \overrightarrow{PT}$ (1m)</p> <p>$\overrightarrow{PU} = 2 \left(\frac{4}{3} \underset{\sim}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \underset{\sim}{y} \right)$ (1m)</p> <p>$\overrightarrow{PU} = 2 \overrightarrow{PT}$ (1m)</p>	<p>4</p> <p>3</p>	<p>7</p>

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
6	$x + y + z = 140 \quad \boxed{1\text{m}}$ $25,000x + 40,000y + 50,000z = 5,150,000 \quad \boxed{1\text{m}}$ $30,000x + 50,000y + 60,000z = 6,300,000 \quad \boxed{1\text{m}}$ <p>Hapuskan anu pertama dengan penggantian @ penghapusan $\textcircled{1\text{m}}$</p> <p>Hapuskan anu kedua dengan penggantian @ penghapusan $\textcircled{1\text{m}}$</p> $x = 50 @ y = 60 @ z = 30 \quad \boxed{1\text{m}}$ $y = 60 \text{ dan } z = 30 \text{ atau}$ $x = 50 \text{ dan } z = 30 \text{ atau}$ $y = 60 \text{ dan } z = 30 \quad \textcircled{1\text{m}}$	7	7

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
<p>7</p> <p>(a)</p>	<p>Tulis</p> $T_1 = \pi \left(\frac{2a}{2}\right) + 2a @ a(\pi + 2)$ $T_2 = \pi \left(\frac{3a}{2}\right) + 3a @ \frac{3}{2}a(\pi + 2)$ $T_3 = \pi \left(\frac{4a}{2}\right) + 4a @ 2a(\pi + 2) \quad \boxed{1m}$ <p>Guna $a(\pi + 2) + \frac{3}{2}a(\pi + 2) + 2a(\pi + 2) \quad \textcircled{1m}$</p> $\frac{9}{2}a(\pi + 2) \quad \boxed{1m}$ <p>(b) Guna $\frac{3}{2}a(\pi + 2) - a(\pi + 2) = 2a(\pi + 2) - \frac{3}{2}a(\pi + 2) \quad \textcircled{1m}$</p> $\frac{1}{2}a(\pi + 2) = \frac{1}{2}a(\pi + 2) \quad \boxed{1m}$ <p>Dan Janjang Aritmetik</p> <p>(c) Guna $T_n = 12(\pi + 2) \quad \textcircled{1m}$</p> <hr style="width: 20%; margin-left: 0;"/> $\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right)a(\pi + 2) = 12(\pi + 2)$ $n = 11 \quad \boxed{1m}$	<p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>	<p>7</p>

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah														
<p>8</p> <p>(a)</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="284 488 1043 577"> <tr> <td>K</td> <td>0.50</td> <td>0.75</td> <td>1.00</td> <td>1.25</td> <td>1.50</td> <td>1.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>\sqrt{p}</td> <td>0.65</td> <td>2.24</td> <td>3.81</td> <td>5.25</td> <td>6.80</td> <td>8.30</td> </tr> </table>	K	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	1.75	\sqrt{p}	0.65	2.24	3.81	5.25	6.80	8.30	<p>1m</p> <p>1m</p> <p>2</p>	
K	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50	1.75											
\sqrt{p}	0.65	2.24	3.81	5.25	6.80	8.30											
<p>(b)</p>	<p>Plot \sqrt{p} melawan K (paksi betul dan skala seragam) (1m)</p> <p>6 titik diplot dengan betul (1m)</p> <p>Garis lurus penyuaian terbaik (1m)</p>	<p>3</p>															
<p>(c)</p>	<p>$\sqrt{p} = \frac{2}{\mu}K + \frac{2A}{\mu}$ (1m)</p> <p>$* c = \frac{2A}{\mu}$ (1m) (1m) $* m = \frac{2}{\mu}$</p> <p>$A = -0.3875$ (1m) (1m) $\mu = 0.3298$</p>	<p>5</p>															
			<p>10</p>														

Graf soalan 8(b)



No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
9	<p>(a) Selesaikan persamaan serentak (1m)</p> $x(2x - 5) = 0$ $A = \left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right) \quad (1m)$ <p>(b) Cari luas segitiga atau gantikan had $\int_2^5 2x^2 - 4x dx$ (1m)</p> $A_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{5}{2}\right) \left(\frac{5}{2}\right) \quad A_2 = \left[\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^3}{3} - \frac{4\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{2(2)^3}{3} - \frac{4(2)^2}{2}\right) \right]$ <p>Kamirkan $\int 2x^2 - 4x dx$ (1m)</p> $\left[\frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{4x^2}{2} \right]$ $* A_1 - * A_2 + * A_3 \quad (1m)$ $\frac{125}{24} \text{ unit}^2 \quad (1m)$ <p>(c) Kamirkan $\int \pi y^2 dx$ (1m)</p> $\pi \left[\frac{4x^5}{5} - \frac{16x^4}{4} + \frac{16x^3}{3} \right] \text{ atau } \pi \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]$ <p>Guna had \int_2^5 kedalam $\left[\frac{4x^5}{5} - \frac{16x^4}{4} + \frac{16x^3}{3} \right]$ (1m)</p> $\pi \left(\frac{125}{24} - \frac{113}{120} \right) \quad (1m)$ $\frac{64}{15} \pi \text{ unit}^3 \quad (1m)$	2	
		4	
		4	
			10

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
<p>10</p> <p>(a)</p>	<p>Guna $\sqrt{(9-2)^2 + (4-3)^2}$ (1m)</p> <p>$\sqrt{50}$ unit (1m)</p>	2	
<p>(b)</p>	<p>$\sqrt{(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2} = \sqrt{50}$ (1m)</p> <p>$x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y - 37 = 0$ (1m)</p>	2	
<p>(c)</p> <p>(i)</p>	<p>90° atau $\frac{3}{2}\pi$ (1m)</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{50})^2 \left(\frac{3}{2}\pi\right)$ (1m)</p> <p>$\frac{75}{2}\pi$ unit (1m)</p>	3	
<p>(ii)</p>	<p>$\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{50})(\sqrt{50})$ atau $\frac{1}{2}\pi(5)^2$ (1m)</p> <p>$\frac{75}{2}\pi - \left(\frac{25}{2}\pi - 25\right)$ (1m)</p> <p>$25(\pi + 1)$ unit² (1m)</p>	3	10

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
11	<p>$z = -2.0$ atau $z = 0.667$ 1m</p> <p>(a) $P\left(Z > \frac{1.5-\mu}{\sigma}\right) = 0.0228$ atau $P\left(Z > \frac{3.5-\mu}{\sigma}\right) = 0.252$ 1m</p> <p>$\frac{1.5-\mu}{\sigma} = -2.0$ $\frac{3.5-\mu}{\sigma} = 0.667$</p> <p>Selesaikan persamaan serentak 1m</p> <p>$2.667\sigma = 2$</p> <p>$\sigma = 0.7499$ 1m</p> <p>$\mu = 2.9998$ 1m</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i) $1 - \left(\frac{5}{128} + \frac{21}{128} + \frac{21}{128} + \frac{61}{128}\right)$ 1m</p> <p>$\frac{5}{32}$ 1m</p> <p>(ii) ${}^5C_2 \times p^2 \times q^3 + {}^5C_3 \times p^3 \times q^2 = \frac{5}{32}$ 1m</p> <p>$q^2(p + q) = \frac{1}{64p^2}$</p> <p>Ganti $p + q = 1$ 1m</p> <p>$q = \frac{1}{8p}$ 1m</p>	5	10
		2	
		3	

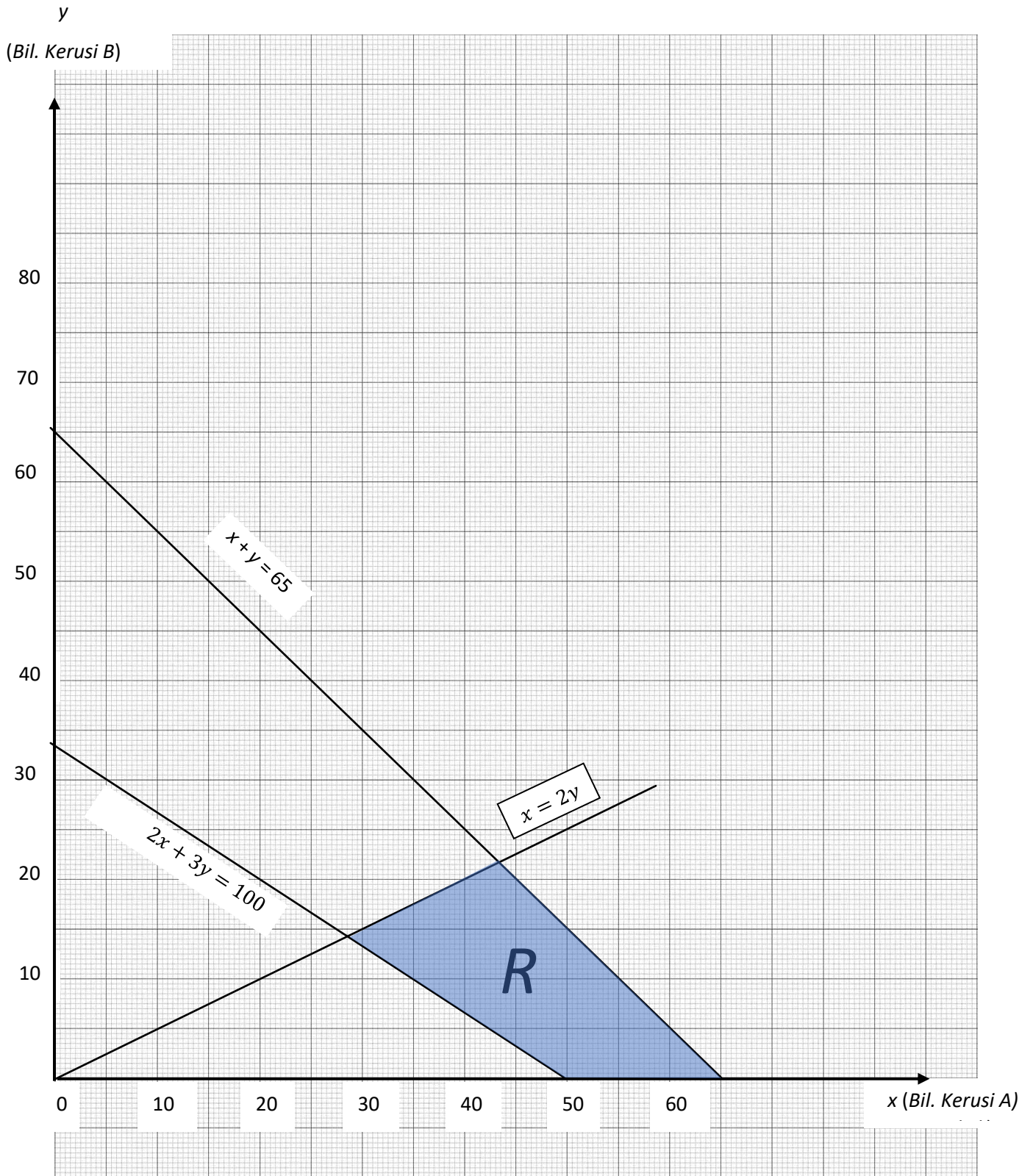
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No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
12			
(a)	$a = 4 - 6t$ $a = 4 - 6(0)$ (1m) 4 (1m)	2	
(b)	$4 - 6t = 0$ $t = \frac{2}{3}$ (1m) $4\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) - 3\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + 7$ (1m) $\frac{25}{3}$ (1m)	3	
(c)	$-3t^2 + 4t + 7 = 0$ $3t^2 - 4t - 7 = 0$ $(3t - 7)(t + 1) = 0$ (1m) $t = \frac{7}{3}$ (1m)	2	
(d)	$\int_0^2 (-3t^2 + 4t + 7) dt$ $\left[-\frac{3t^3}{3} + \frac{4t^2}{2} + 7t\right]_0^2$ (1m) $[-(2)^3 + 2(2)^2 + 7(2)] - [-(0)^3 + 2(0)^2 + 7(0)]$ (1m) 14 (1m)	3	
			10

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
13	<p>(a) $\sphericalangle BAC = 67.38^\circ$ 1m</p> <p>$BC^2 = 0.2^2 + 0.3^2 - 2(0.2)(0.3) \cos 67.38^\circ$ 1m</p> <p>0.2896 km 1m</p> <p>(b) $\frac{\sin BCA}{0.2} = \frac{\sin 67.38^\circ}{0.2896}$ 1m</p> <p>39.61° 1m</p> <p>(c) Luas ADE, $\frac{1}{2} \times 0.13 \times 0.06 \times \sin 67.38^\circ$ 1m</p> <p>0.0036</p> <p>Luas FGC, $\frac{1}{2} \times GF \times GC$</p> <p>$\sin 39.61^\circ = \frac{GF}{FC}$ atau $\cos 39.61^\circ = \frac{GC}{FC}$ 1m</p> <p>$GF = FC \times \sin 39.61^\circ$ atau $GC = FC \times \cos 39.61^\circ$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2} [FC \times \sin 39.61^\circ \times FC \times \cos 39.61^\circ] = 0.0036$ 1m</p> <p>$FC = 0.12107$ 1m</p> <p>0.09328 km 1m</p>	3 2 5	10

No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
<p>14</p> <p>(a)</p>	$2x + 3y \geq 100$ <div style="display: inline-block; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin-left: 10px;">1m</div> $x + y \leq 65$ <div style="display: inline-block; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin-left: 10px;">1m</div> $x > 2y$ <div style="display: inline-block; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin-left: 10px;">1m</div>	3	
<p>(b)</p>	<p>Lukis dengan betul sekurang-kurangnya satu garis lurus dari ketaksamaan yang melibatkan x dan y</p> <div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;">○ 1m</div> <p>Lukis dengan betul semua garis lurus</p> <div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;">○ 1m</div> <p>Rantau dilorek dengan betul</p> <div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;">□ 1m</div>	3	
<p>(c)</p> <p>(i)</p>	<p>(44,21)</p> <div style="display: inline-block; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin-left: 10px;">1m</div> <p>Ganti mana-mana titik di dalam rantau berlorek dalam persamaan $80x + 120y$</p> <div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;">○ 1m</div> <div style="display: inline-block; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin-left: 10px;">1m</div> 6,040		
<p>(ii)</p>	$35 \leq y \leq 55$ <div style="display: inline-block; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin-left: 10px;">1m</div>	4	10

Graf soalan 14(b)



No.	Peraturan Permarkahan	Markah	Jumlah Markah
15	<p>(a) $w = 26$ atau $z = 107.5$ atau $x = 0.5$ 1m</p> <p>$\frac{y}{1.8} \times 100 = 107.5$ 1m</p> <p>$y = 1.94$ 1m</p> <p>(b) Guna $\frac{26(102.86)+47(108)+2(100)+25(107.5)}{26+47+2+25}$ 1m</p> <p>106.38 1m</p> <p>(c) $5.50 \times 140\%$ 1m</p> <p>RM 7.70 1m</p> <p>(d) $7.70 \times 106.38\% = 8.19$ 1m</p> <p>(e) $5.50 \times 118\% = 6.49$ 1m</p> <p>$6.49 \times 140\% = 9.09$ 1m</p> <p>Dan Tidak munasabah</p>	<p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p>	<p>10</p>

PERATURAN PERMARKAHAN TAMAT